

DRUGS FOR VETERINARY USE

2747. Misbranding of *Iocrepogal Tablets*, *Special Formula Tablets*, and *Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets*. U. S. v. 11 Dozen Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 25110. Sample Nos. 21322-K, 21323-K, 21374-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 2, 1948, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 14, 1946, and October 28, 1947, from *Curts-Folse Laboratories*, Kansas City, Kans.

PRODUCT: 11 dozen bottles of *Iocrepogal Tablets*, 30,000 *Special Formula Tablets* in a bulk container, and 11 dozen bottles of *Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets* at Kansas City, Mo., in possession of Dr. J. W. Gatchell. The *Iocrepogal Tablets* had been repackaged and labeled by the consignee from a bulk shipment labeled in part "Creodine Tablets," and the *Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets* had been repackaged from the bulk shipment of *Special Formula Tablets*.

Examination showed that the *Iocrepogal Tablets* contained calcium iodide, calcium carbonate, and creosote, and that the *Special Formula Tablets* and *Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets* contained in each tablet not less than .002 grain of strychnine and not more than 1/30 grain, if any, of powdered extract of *nux vomica*.

NATURE OF CHARGE: The *Iocrepogal Tablets* and the *Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets* were misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce, and the bulk shipment labeled *Special Formula Tablets* was misbranded while in interstate commerce, in the following respects:

Iocrepogal Tablets. Section 502 (a), the statement on the bottle label "For the treatment of dogs suffering from Respiratory Infections, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Laryngitis and Catarrhal conditions of the bowels" was false and misleading since the article was not effective in the treatment of dogs suffering from such conditions; and, Section 502 (e) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each active ingredient.

Special Formula Tablets. Section 502 (a), the label statement on the bulk container of the tablets "Po Ext Nux Vomica 1/10 gr (Strychnine .001 gr)" was false and misleading as applied to a product containing not more than 1/30 grain, if any, of powdered extract of *nux vomica* and not less than 0.002 grain of strychnine.

Dr. Gatchell's Tonic Tablets. Section 502 (e) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to state the quantity and proportion of strychnine and arsenic sulfide present in the article.

DISPOSITION: February 10, 1949. Default decree of destruction.

2748. Misbranding of *Campbell's Chemical Mix*. U. S. v. 9 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26961. Sample No. 49147-K.)

LIBEL FILED: April 18, 1949, District of Wyoming.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 18, 1948, by the S & L Campbell Co., from Dupont, Colo.

PRODUCT: 9 3-pound cartons of *Campbell's Chemical Mix* at Wheatland, Wyo. Examination showed that the product consisted essentially of ammonium chloride, with relatively small proportions of sodium chlorate and potassium chlorate.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following label statements were false and misleading: "Campbell's Chemical Mix for Cattle and

Sheep * * * put one 3-lb. package of Campbell's Chemical Mix to 100 lbs. No. 4 salt and mix thoroughly. Put in troughs where they can have access to it at all times. When feeding dairy cows chop or bran, put $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoonful in the chop or bran twice daily out of the 3-lb. package. For drench, mix one teaspoonful in $\frac{3}{4}$ quart of water and drench. We recommend force feeding when grain is fed—feed about 2 or 3 days before turning on clover or alfalfa." The above statements represented and suggested that the article was a remedy for the diseases of cattle and sheep, for any ill effects upon sheep and cattle resulting from eating alfalfa or clover, or upon dairy cows from eating chop or bran; and for preventing ill effects upon cattle from grazing on clover or alfalfa. The article when administered in accordance with the instructions on the label would not be effective for the treatment or prevention of any disease of sheep or cattle.

DISPOSITION: June 24, 1949. The shipper of the product having accepted service of the libel and authorized the entry of a final decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF OMISSION OF, OR UNSATISFACTORY, INGREDIENTS STATEMENTS*

2749. Misbranding of solution of estrogenic hormone. U. S. v. 64 Bottles * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 25971. Sample No. 31626-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 4, 1948, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 12, 1948, from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 64 30-cc. bottles of solution of *estrogenic hormone* in the possession of Medi-Synth Laboratories, Inc., Los Angeles, Calif., which bottled this product from a bulk shipment consisting of 2 bottles, 2½-liter size, labeled in part "a Estradiol in Microsuspension."

LABEL, IN PART: (After repacking) "Solution Estrogenic Hormone (Aqueous Microsuspension) 20,000 International Units per cc. rated in Estrone units."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (e) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of the active ingredient, "alpha-estradiol." The article was misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 19, 1948. Medi-Synth Laboratories, Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

2750. Misbranding of Ung. Hydrophen. U. S. v. 75 Tubes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 25711. Sample No. 41689-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 2, 1948, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 9, 1948, by Goodwin Laboratories, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

*See also No. 2747.